## Reception:

| Number | Measure, shape and spatial thinking |
| :--- | :--- |
| Matching and sorting objects | Compare size, mass and capacity |
| Comparing amounts | Recognise circles and triangles |
| Representing and comparing 1, 2 and 3. | Use simple positional language |
| Composition of 1, 2 and 3 | Recognise shapes with 4 sides |
| Representing and comparing numbers to 5 | Recognise some simple 3D shapes |
| Composition of 4 and 5 | Begin to explore time |
| Count up to 6, 7,8 and then 10 | Begin to measure and compare length and height |
| Comparing numbers to 10 | Match, rotate and manipulate shapes |
| Begin to learn and recognise bonds to 10 | Visualise and build |
| Begin to count and recognise numbers beyond 10 | Mapping |
| Combine two amounts |  |
| Make matching pairs |  |
| Recognise zero |  |
| Count one more and one less |  |
| Adding more, taking away |  |
| Doubling of small numbers |  |
| Share and group objects |  |
| Begin to recognise even and odd numbers |  |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning any given number Count numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of wos, fives and tens <br> Autumn 1 Spring 2 | - count in steps of 2,3 and 5 from 0 , and in tens from any umber, forward and backward <br> Autumn 1 | - count from 0 in multiples of $4,8,50$ and 100; find 10 or than a given number <br> Autumn 1 Autumn 3 | - count in multiples of <br> - count backwards through zero to include negative numbers <br> Autumn 1 Autumn 4 | - count forwards or ackwards in steps of powers of 10 for any 000000 count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, zero <br> Autumn 1 |  |
|  | dentify and represent numbers using objects and pictoria read and write numbers to 100 in numerals read and write numbers from 1 to 20 words. <br> Autumn 1 Autumn 4 Spring 2 Summer 4 $\qquad$ | - read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and <br> - in words <br> - identify, represent and estimate numbers different representations including the number line line <br> Autumn 1 |  | - identify, represen and estimate different <br> representations read Roman C) and know therals to 100 (I to time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value Autumn 1 |  | read, write, (order and compare) numbers up to 10000000 value of each digit <br> Autumn 1 |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition ( + ), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs <br> - represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 | - recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 <br> - show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot <br> - recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems | - estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers | - estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation | - use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy |  |
|  | Autumn 2 <br> Spring 1 | Autumn 2 | Autumn 2 | Autumn 2 | Autumn 2 |  |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - add and subtract onedigit and two-digit numbers to 20 , including zero | - add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: <br> a two-digit number and ones <br> a two-digit number and tens <br> two two-digit numbers adding three one-digit numbers | - add and subtract numbers mentally, including: <br> a three-digit number and ones a three-digit number and tens a three-digit number and hundreds <br> - add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction | - add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate | - add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) <br> - add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers | - perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers <br> - use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations |
|  | Autumn 2 <br> Spring 1 | Autumn 2 | Autumn 2 | Autumn 2 | Autumn 2 | Autumn 2 |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
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| 0 <br> E <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 2 <br> 0 <br> 0 | - solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7=$ - - 9 | - solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures <br> applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods | - solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction | - solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why | - solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why <br> - solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign | - solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why |
|  | Autumn 2 Spring 1 | Autumn 2 | Autumn 2 | Autumn 2 | Autumn 2 | Autumn 2 |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | - recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers <br> - show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot | - recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables | - recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to $12 \times 12$ <br> - use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1 ; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers <br> - recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations | - identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers <br> - know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (nonprime) numbers <br> establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 <br> recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared ( ${ }^{2}$ ) and cubed (3) | - identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers <br> - use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy. |
|  |  | Autumn 4 Spring 1 | Autumn 3 | Autumn 4 Spring 1 | Autumn 4 | Autumn 2 |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | - calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division ( + ) and equals (=) signs <br> Autumn 4 Spring 1 | - write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times onedigit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods <br> Autumn 3 Spring 1 | - multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout <br> Spring 1 | - multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a oneor two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers <br> - multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts <br> - divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context <br> - multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1000 <br> Autumn 4 Spring 1 Summer 1 | - multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication <br> - divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context <br> - divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context <br> - perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers <br> Autumn 2 |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
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|  | solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher | - solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts | - solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which $n$ objects are connected to m objects | - solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to mobjects | - solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes <br> - solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates | - solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division |
|  | Summer 1 | Autumn 4 Spring 1 | Spring 1 | Spring 1 | Autumn 4 Spring 1 | Autumn 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  | - solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign | - use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations <br> Autumn 2 |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity <br> - recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity <br> Summer 2 | - recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity <br> Spring 4 | - count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 <br> - recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators <br> - recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators <br> Spring 5 | - count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten. <br> Spring 3 | - identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths <br> - recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example, $\frac{2}{5}+\frac{4}{5}=\frac{6}{5}=$ $\left.1 \frac{1}{5}\right]$ <br> Spring 2 |  |
|  |  | - Recognise the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ <br> Spring 4 | - recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators <br> - compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators <br> Summer 1 | - recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions <br> Spring 3 | - compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number <br> Spring 2 | - use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination <br> - compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1 <br> Autumn 3 |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
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|  |  | - write simple fractions for example, $\frac{1}{2}$ of $6=$ 3 Spring 4 | - add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, $\left.\frac{5}{7}+\frac{1}{7}=\frac{6}{7}\right]$ <br> Summer 1 | - add and subtract fractions with the same denominator <br> Spring 3 | - add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number <br> - multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams <br> Spring 3 | - add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions <br> - multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example, $\left.\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2}=\frac{1}{8}\right]$ <br> - divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $\frac{1}{3} \div 2=\frac{1}{6}$ ] <br> Autumn 3 |
|  |  |  | - solve problems that involve all of the above <br> Spring 5 <br> Summer 1 | - solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number <br> Spring 3 |  |  |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | - recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths <br> - recognise and write decimal equivalents to $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}$ <br> Spring 4 Summer 1 | - read and write decimal numbers as fractions for example, $0.71=\frac{71}{100}$ ] <br> - recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents <br> Spring 3 | - identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places <br> Spring 1 |
|  |  |  |  | - round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number <br> - compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places <br> Summer 1 | - round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place <br> - read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places <br> Spring 3 |  |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
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|  |  |  |  | - find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths <br> Spring 4 | - solve problems involving number up to three decimal places <br> Summer 1 | - multiply and divide numbers by 10,100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places <br> - multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers <br> - use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places <br> - solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy <br> Spring 1 |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
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| Fractions, Decimals and Percentages |  |  |  | - solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places <br> Spring 3 Spring 4 Summer 1 | - recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal <br> - solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{4}{5}$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 | - associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, $\frac{3}{8}$ ] <br> - recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  | - solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values integer multiplication and division facts <br> solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as $15 \%$ of 360 ] and the use of percentages for comparison <br> - solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found <br> - solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples. |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 |
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Note - although algebraic notation is not introduced until Y6, algebraic thinking starts much earlier as exemplified by the 'missing number' objectives from Y1/2/3

|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - compare, describe and solve practical problems for: <br> lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half] mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than] <br> capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter] time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later] <br> - measure and begin to record the following: lengths and heights <br> > mass/weight <br> - capacity and volume <br> > time (hours, minutes, seconds) <br> Spring 3 <br> Spring 4 <br> Summer 6 | - choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ); mass (kg/g); temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$; capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels <br> - compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and = <br> Spring 5 <br> Summer 4 | - measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); volume/capacity (l/ml) <br> Spring 4 <br> Summer 4 | - Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute] <br> - estimate, compare and calculate different measures <br> Autumn 3 Spring 2 <br> Summer 3 | - convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre) <br> - understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints <br> - use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling <br> Summer 1 <br> Summer 4 <br> Summer 5 | - solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate <br> - use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places <br> - convert between miles and kilometres <br> Spring 4 |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes <br> Summer 5 | - recognise and use symbols for pounds ( $£$ ) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value <br> - find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money <br> - solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change <br> Autumn 3 | - add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both $£$ and $p$ in practical contexts <br> Spring 2 | - estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence <br> Summer 2 | - use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, money] <br> Summer 1 |  |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening] <br> - recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years <br> - tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times <br> Summer 6 | - compare and sequence intervals of time <br> - tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times <br> - know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day <br> Summer 3 | - tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12hour and 24 -hour clocks <br> - estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight <br> - know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year <br> - compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks] <br> Summer 2 | - read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 - and 24-hour clocks <br> - solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days <br> Summer 3 | - solve problems involving converting between units of time <br> Summer 4 | - use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | - measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes <br> Spring 4 | - measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres <br> - find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares <br> Autumn 3 Spring 2 | - measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres <br> - calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres ( $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) and square metres ( $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ ) and estimate the area of irregular shapes <br> - estimate volume [for example, using $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water] <br> Autumn 5 <br> Summer 5 | - recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa <br> - recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes <br> - calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles <br> - calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres ( $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) and cubic metres $\left(\mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$, and extending to other units [for example, $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ and $\mathrm{km}^{3}$ ] <br> Spring 5 |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - recognise and name common 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles] <br> Autumn 3 | - identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line <br> - identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid] <br> - compare and sort common 2-D shapes and everyday objects <br> Spring 3 | - draw 2-D shapes <br> Summer 3 | - compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes <br> - identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations <br> Summer 5 | - distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. <br> - use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles <br> Summer 2 | - draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles <br> - compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes <br> - illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius <br> Summer 1 |
|  | - recognise and name common 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres] <br> Autumn 3 | - recognise and name common 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]. <br> - compare and sort common 3-D shapes and everyday objects <br> Spring 3 | - make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3 -D shapes in different orientations and describe them <br> Summer 3 |  | - identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations <br> Summer 2 | - recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets <br> Summer 1 |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | - recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn <br> - identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle <br> - identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines | - identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size <br> - identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations <br> - complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry | - know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles <br> - draw given angles, and measure them in degrees <br> - identify: <br> > angles at a point and one whole turn (total $360^{\circ}$ ) <br> > angles at a point on a straight line and $\frac{1}{2}$ a turn (total $180^{\circ}$ ) <br> > other multiples of $90^{\circ}$ | - find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons <br> - recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles |
|  |  |  | Summer 3 | Summer 5 | Summer 2 | Summer 1 |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns | - order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences <br> - use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anticlockwise) |  | - describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant <br> - describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down <br> - plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon | - identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed | - describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) <br> - draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes |
|  | Summer 3 | Spring 3 <br> Summer 1 |  | Summer 6 | Summer 3 | Autumn 4 |


|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | - interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables <br> Spring 2 | - interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables <br> Spring 3 | - interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs <br> Summer 4 | - complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables <br> Autumn 3 | - interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems <br> Summer 3 |
|  |  | - ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity <br> - ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data <br> Spring 2 | - solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables <br> Spring 3 | - solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs <br> Summer 4 | - solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph <br> Autumn 3 | - calculate and interpret the mean as an average <br> Summer 3 |


|  | Week 1 | Week | Week | Week | Weck | Week 6 | $\underset{\substack{\text { Week } \\ 7}}{ }$ | Week 8 | $\underset{9}{\text { Week }}$ | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week | ${ }_{\text {Week }}$ | Week |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 砍 | Getting to Know You |  |  | Just Like Me! |  |  | It's Me 123 ! |  |  | Light and Dark |  |  | Consolidation |  |
| - | Alive in 5! |  |  | Growing$6,7,8$ |  |  | Building 9 and 10 |  |  | Consolidation |  |  |  |  |
| 产 | To 20 and Beyond |  |  | First Then Now |  |  | Find My <br> Pattern |  |  | On The Move |  |  |  |  |


| Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 |  | Week $4$ | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gett | g to YOU | now | 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 | Just Like Me! |  |  | It's Me 123 ! |  |  | Light and Dark |  |  |
| Op <br> settlin the ar and ge | ortunitie <br> in, intro as of provis ting to kn children. | for ducing vision ow the | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \frac{0}{E} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ | Match and Sort Compare Amounts |  |  | Representing 1, 2 \& 3 <br> Comparing 1, 2 \& 3 <br> Composition of $1,2 \& 3$ |  |  | Representing Numbers to 5 . <br> One More and Less. |  |  |
| Key tim routin conti inside do Posi | es of da s. Explor uous pro and out. ings bel onal lang | class ing the vision Where ng? uage. |  | Compare Size, Mass \& Capacity Exploring Pattern |  |  | Circles and Triangles Positional Language |  |  | Shapes with 4 Sides. Time |  |  |


|  | Week 1 | Week <br> 2 | Week 3 | Week $4$ | Week 5 | Week <br> 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \ddot{0} \\ 0 \\ \frac{0}{c} \\ \hline \mathbf{~} \end{gathered}$ | Alive in 5! |  |  | Growing 6, 7, 8 |  |  | Building 9 \& 10 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{\text { D}}{E} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ | Introducing zero <br> Comparing numbers to 5 Composition of $4 \& 5$ |  |  | $6,7 \& 8$ <br> Combining 2 amounts Making pairs |  |  | Counting to 9 \& 10 <br> Comparing numbers to 10 Bonds to 10 |  |  |
|  | Compare Mass (2) Compare Capacity (2) |  |  | Length \& Height Time |  |  | 3d-shapes Patterns |  |  |


|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Week } \\ 5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Week } \\ 6 \end{array}$ | Week 7 | Week <br> 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \ddot{0} \\ & \frac{\ddot{0}}{2} \end{aligned}$ | To 20 and Beyond |  |  | First Then Now |  |  | Find my Pattern |  |  | On the Move |  |  |
|  | Building Numbers Beyond 10 Counting Patterns Beyond 10 |  |  | Adding More <br> Taking Away |  |  | Doubling Sharing \& Grouping Even \& Odd |  |  | Deepening Understanding Patterns and Relationships |  |  |
|  | Spatial Reasoning (1) Match, Rotate, Manipulate |  |  | Spatial Reasoning (2) Compose and Decompose |  |  | Spatial Reasoning (3) Visualise and Build |  |  | Spatial Reasoning (4) Mapping |  |  |


|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C | Number: Place Value (within 10) |  |  |  | Number: Addition and Subtraction (within 10) |  |  |  |  | Numb Va (wit | : Place ve 20) | co <br> .0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |
| 䘡 | Number: Addition and Subtraction (within 20) |  |  |  | Number: Place Value (within 50) (Multiples of 2,5 and 10 included) |  |  | Measurement: Length and Height |  | Meas Weig Vo | ment: and me | col <br> ¢ <br> \% <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |
| 㐫 | Numb and D multip to | : Multi sion (R of 2 , inclu | cation <br> nforce <br> and 10 <br> d) | Number: Fractions |  |  | Number: Place Value (within 100) |  |  | Measurement: Time |  | col <br> .0 <br> ¢0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |

[^0]| Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number: Place Value <br> Count to ten, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. <br> Count, read and write numbers to $\underline{10}$ in numerals and words. <br> Given a number, identify one more or one less. <br> Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. |  |  |  | Number: Addition and Subtraction <br> Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 10 <br> Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. <br> Add and subtract one digit numbers to $\mathbf{1 0}$, including zero. <br> Solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations and missing number problems. |  |  |  | Geometry <br> Shape <br> Recognise <br> and name <br> common 2-D <br> shapes, <br> including: (for <br> example, <br> rectangles <br> (including <br> squares), <br> circles and <br> triangles) <br> Recognise <br> and name <br> common 3-D <br> shapes, <br> including: (for <br> example, <br> cuboids <br> (including <br> cubes), <br> pyramids and <br> spheres.) | Number: Place Value <br> Count to twenty, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1 , from any given number. <br> Count, read and write numbers to $\underline{20}$ in numerals and words. <br> Given a number, identify one more or one less. <br> Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. |  |  |

## Credit: White Rose Maths

## Year 1 Spring Term:



## Credit: White Rose Maths

| Week 1 Week 21 Week 3 | Week 4 Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number: Multiplication and Division Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. <br> Solve one step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. | Number: Fractions Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. <br> Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. <br> Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/halfl <br> Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: mass/weight [for example. heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]; capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter] | Geometry: position and direction Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three quarter turns | Number: Place Value Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1 , or from any given number. <br> Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals. <br> Given a number, identify one more and one less. <br> Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than, most, least. | Measuremen <br> t:Money <br> Recognise <br> and know the <br> value of <br> different <br> denominatio <br> ns of coins <br> and notes. | Measurement: Time Sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening. <br> Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years. <br> Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. <br> Compare, describe and solve practical problems for time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later] <br> Measure and begin to record time (hours, minutes, seconds) |  |

Credit: White Rose Maths

|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ¢ | Number: Place Value |  |  | Number: Addition and Subtraction |  |  |  |  | Measu M | ement: ny | Number: Multiplication and Division |  |
| - |  | ber: cation ision | Statistics |  | Geometry: Properties of Shape |  |  | Number: Fractions |  |  |  |  |
| ¢ É ¢ | Geometry: Position and Direction |  |  | Problem solving and efficient methods |  | Measurement: Time |  | Measurement: Mass, Capacity and Temperature |  |  | Investigations |  |



Credit: White Rose Maths

## Year 2 Spring Term

| Week 1 Week 2 | Week 3 Week 4 | Week 5 Week 6 Week 7 | Week 8 Week 9 Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplication and Division Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2,5 and 10 times tables, including recognising odd and even numbers. <br> Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication ( $\times$ ), division ( $\div$ ) and equals (=) signs. <br> Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts. <br> Show that the multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot. | statistics <br> Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables. <br> Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity. <br> Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data. | Geometry-properties of shape Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line. <br> Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces. <br> Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid.] <br> Compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects. | Number - fractions <br> Recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity. <br> Write simple fractions for example, $\frac{1}{2}$ of $6=3$ and recognise the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$. |  |  |

Credit: White Rose Maths

## Year 2 Summer Term

| Week 1 Week 2 Week 3 | Week 4 Week 5 | Week 6 Week 7 | Week 8 Week 9 Week 10 | Week 11 Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Position and Direction <br> Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise). <br> Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences | Problem solving and Efficient methods. | Measurement: Time <br> Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. <br> Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. <br> Compare and sequence intervals of time. | Measurement: Mass, Capacity and Temperature <br> Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$; capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels <br> Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using $>$, < and $=$ |  |

## Credit: White Rose Maths

|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E | Number: Place Value |  |  |  | Number: Addition and Subtraction |  |  |  | Number: Multiplication and Division |  |  |  |
| 年 | Number: Multiplication and Division |  | Measurement: Length, Perimeter and Area |  | Number: Fractions |  |  |  | Y3: Me an a Y4: N | Suremen | Mass <br> $y$ <br> cimals |  |
|  | Number: Decimals (including Money) |  |  | Measurement: Time |  | Statistics |  | Geometry: Properties of Shape (including Y4 Position and Direction) |  |  |  |  |

Credit: White Rose Maths

Year 3/4 Autumn Term:


| m ¢ ¢ | Number: Place Value <br> Count from 0 in multiples of $4,8,50$ and 100; Find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number. <br> Idenitfy, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. <br> Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words. <br> Recognise the place value of each digit in a 3-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones). <br> Compare and order numbers beyond 100 . <br> Solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas. | Number: Addition and Subtraction <br> Estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers. <br> Add and subtract numbers mentally, including: a 3-digit numbers and ones; a 3-digit number and tens; a three digit numbers and hundreds. <br> Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction. <br> Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction. | Number: Multiplication and division <br> Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables. <br> Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\pm$ <br> ¢ <br> ¢ | Number: Place Value <br> Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000. <br> Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers. <br> Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. <br> Read roman numerals to 100 ( I to C ) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value. <br> Find 1000 more or less than given number. Recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones). Order and compare numbers beyond 1000. <br> Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000. Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers. | Number: Addition and Subtraction <br> Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation. <br> Add and subtract numbers with up to four digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate. <br> Solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. | Number: Multiplication and division <br> Recall and use multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to $12 \times 12$. <br> Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers. Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19. <br> Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ and cubed $\left({ }^{3}\right)$. <br> Multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout. |

## Credit: Adapted from 'White Rose Maths: Mixed Age Progression’

## Year 3/4 Spring Term:

Week 1 $\quad$ Week 2 Week 3 $\quad$ Week 4

|  | Number: Multiplication and division <br> Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which $n$ objects are connected to m objects. | Measurement: Length, perimeter and area <br> Measure, compare, add and subtract lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ). <br> Measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes. | Number: Fractions <br> Count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 . <br> Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and nonunit fractions with small denominators. | Measurement: Mass and Capacity Measure, compare, add and subtract: mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (1/ml). |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \pm \\ & \frac{ \pm}{\pi} \\ & \underset{\tau}{\omega} \end{aligned}$ | Number: Multiplication and division <br> Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including the distributive law to multiply two-digit numbers by one digit, integar scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as $n$ objects are connected to m objects. | Measurement: Length, perimeter and area Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres. <br> Convert between different units of measure (for example, kilometre to metre). | Number: Fractions <br> Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions. <br> Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator. <br> Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number. | Decimals: <br> Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise from dividing an object into 100 equal parts and in dividing tenths by 10. |

Credit: Adapted from 'White Rose Maths: Mixed Age Progression'

## Year 3/4 Summer Term:

|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $>$ | Number: Decimals (including money) |  |  | Measurement: Time |  | Statistics: |  | Geometry: Properties of Shape |  |  |  |


|  | Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both $£$ and $p$ in practical contexts. | Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from 1 to XII and 12-hour and 24hour clocks. <br> Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute. <br> Record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours. Use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight. Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year. | Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables. <br> Solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables. | Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn. <br> Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle. <br> Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines. <br> Draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials. <br> Recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \pm \\ & \stackrel{ \pm}{\pi} \\ & \underset{\tau}{\top} \end{aligned}$ | Number: Decimals (including money) <br> Recognise and write decimal equivalents to any number of tenths or hundredths. <br> Recognise and write decimal equivalents to $1 / 4$, $1 / 2,1 / 3$. <br> Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number. <br> Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places. <br> Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places. | Measurement: Time <br> Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 - and 24 -hour clocks. <br> Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days. | Statistics: <br> Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs. Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs. | Geometry: Properties of Shape (including Position and Direction) <br> Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size. <br> Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes. <br> Identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations. <br> Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry. <br> Describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant. <br> Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon. <br> Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down. |

Credit: Adapted from 'White Rose Maths: Mixed Age Progression'

## Year 5/6 Yearly Overview:

|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Numb Va | : Place <br> ue | Number: Four Operations |  |  |  |  | Number: Fractions |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { no } \\ & \text { ì } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Y5: } \mathrm{N} \\ \text { Frac } \end{array}$ | mber: ions | Number: Decimals and Percentages |  |  | Y5: N Deci | mber: als |  | Measurement: <br> Perimeter, Area and Volume |  | Statistics |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{Y}: \mathrm{N} \\ \mathrm{R} \end{array}$ | mber: <br> io |  |  |  | Y6: Number: Algebra |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ¢ | Geometry: Properties of Shape |  |  | Y5: Four Operations consolidation |  |  | Y5: FDP consolidation |  | Y5: conso | asure <br> dation | Consolidation |  |
| બ |  |  | Y6: | ATS | Investigations |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Credit: White Rose Maths

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## Number: Place Value

 Count forwards and backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000. Count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero.Read, write, order and compare numbers up to at least $1,000,000$ and determine the value of each digit.
Read roman nuerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals.

Interpret negative numbers in context.
Round any number up to
$1,000,000$ to the nearest 10 , $100,1000,10000$ or 100000 . Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above.

## Number: Four operation

Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy.

Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers.

Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts,
deciding which operations and methods to use and why.
Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign.

Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers.
Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers.
Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19.
Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ and cubed $\left({ }^{3}\right)$

Multiply numbers up to 4-digits by one or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers.
Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10 , 100 and 1000.

## Number: Fraction

Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, including tenths and hundredths.
Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements $>1$ as a mixed number [for example, $1 / 2+4 / 5=6 / 5=11 / 5$ ].
Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number.

Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number.
Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams.

|  | Number: Place Value <br> Read, write, order and compare numbers up to at least 10,000,000 and determine the value of each digit. <br> Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy. <br> Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero. Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above. | Number: Four operations <br> Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers. <br> Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations. <br> Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. <br> Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers. Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy. <br> Multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication. <br> Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context. <br> Divide numbers up to 4 digit by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context. <br> Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers. | Number: Fractions <br> Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination. <br> Compare and order fractions, including fractions $>1$. <br> Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions. <br> Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example $1 / 4 \times 1 / 2=1 / 8$ ]. <br> Divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example $1 / 3 \div 2=1 / 6$ ]. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Credit: Adapted from 'White Rose Maths: Mixed Age Progression’

## Year 5/6 Spring Term:

|  | Week $1 \quad$ Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { in } \\ & \frac{\pi}{\pi} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ | Number: Fractions <br> Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number. <br> Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, including tenths and hundredths. Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements $>1$ as a mixed number [for example, $1 / 2+4 / 5=6 / 5=1$ 1/5]. <br> Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number. Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams. | Number: <br> Read and fractions [for Recognise relate them equivalent <br> Round dec places to th and to one Read, write numbers w places. Solve prob three decim <br> Recognise understand 'number of write perce denominat Solve prob percentage $1 / 2,1 / 4,1 / 5$, with a den or 25 . | ecimals and <br> e decimal example, 0 d use thous hundredt <br> als with two nearest wh cimal place order and co up to thre <br> s involving places. <br> per cent s hat per cen arts per hund ages as a fr of 100 , and s which re nd decimal , 4/5 and th inator of a | rcentages <br> bers as 71/100]. ths and nd decimal <br> cimal number <br> are cimal <br> mber up to <br> ol (\%) and ates to $d^{\prime}$, and on with a decimal. knowing valents of fractions tiple of 10 | Number: Decimals Solve problems involving number up to three decimal places. |  | $$ | Measurement: Perimeter, Area and Volume <br> Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in cm and m. <br> Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$, $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ estimate the area of irregular shapes. |  | Statistics <br> Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line. <br> Complete, read and interpret information in tables including timetables. |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & \frac{1}{\pi} \\ & \frac{1}{7} \end{aligned}$ | Number: Ratio <br> Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts. Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as | Number: Decimals and percentages Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, 3/8]. Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts. |  |  | Number: Algebra <br> Use simple formulae. Generate and describe linear number sequences. Express missing number problems algebraically. Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns. |  | $\qquad$ | Measurement: Perimeter, Area and Volume <br> Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa. Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes. Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles. Calculate, |  | Statistics <br> Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius. Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems. Calculate the mean as an average. |  |



Credit: Adapted from 'White Rose Maths: Mixed Age Progression'

## Year 5/6 Summer Term

|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Geometry <br> Identify 3-D including cu | perties of <br> e pes, and other | Geometry: <br> Position and Direction | Four operations: |  |  | Fractions, decimals and percentages: |  | Conso <br> learnin | ure: tion of jectives | Further consolidation of identified priority areas |  |


|  | cuboids, from 2-D representations. Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles. Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles. Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees. Identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total $360^{\circ}$ ), angles at a point on a straight line and $1 / 2$ a turn (total $180^{\circ}$ ) other multiples of $90^{\circ}$. | Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed. | Consolidati objectives cov Term | Consolidation of learning objectives covered in Autumn Term weeks 8-12 and Spring Term weeks 1-5 | covered in Spring Term weeks 8-10 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \bullet \\ & \frac{1}{\pi} \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \end{aligned}$ | Geometry: Properties of Shape <br> Draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles. Compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals and regular polygons. Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles. | Geometry: Position and Direction Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants). Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes. | Y6 SATs | solidation of identified | riority areas to aid secon | dary transition |

Credit: Adapted from 'White Rose Maths: Mixed Age Progression'


[^0]:    Credit: White Rose Maths

[^1]:    Year 5/6 Autumn Term:

