	Subject Lead			
	Joe Ottaway			
Whole school PSHE	Autumn		Spring	Summer
themes	Relationships	Livi	ng in the Wider World	Health and Wellbeing
Why we le	arn PSHE at Ewelme C.E. Primary School		С	ultural Capital
<ul> <li>To develop children's they have the ability</li> <li>To improve children's to improve it.</li> <li>To build children's ca</li> <li>To develop children vor background.</li> <li>To ensure that children's coping with worrithey grow.</li> <li>Giving children award community.</li> <li>Building up children's potential, dependant</li> <li>Promotion of British liberty, mutual respe</li> </ul>	I we aim for our PSHE Curriculum to: cunderstanding that they are in control of their behavior regulate their behaviour and the way they respond a awareness about their mental health and strategies pacity for learning and equip them for life beyond the who are respectful towards others regardless of their en are Ready for their life beyond the school gate with es and fears, and understanding how they develop are eness and knowledge of their responsibilities as mem as resilience and determination to succeed and achieve of the individual.  I walues through learning about Democracy, Rules of Lact and tolerance of those different faiths and beliefs. The real spiritual, cultural, moral and social awareness are	they can use e school gate. race, religion h strategies nd change as bers of the e their aw, Individual	<ul> <li>Workshop.</li> <li>Children in Year 5 and 6 har giving them responsibility to children to be healthy ment.</li> <li>School nurse coming in to keed development.</li> <li>Sports teams and house poorder to succeed.</li> <li>Outdoor learning activities outdoor environments.</li> <li>School play and performan perform to an audience, exeed.</li> <li>Opportunities to sing at the Residential Opportunities for</li> </ul>	(S2 children to talk about their physical pint treats so children can work collaboratively in and clubs to encourage children's experiences of ces at Christmas and Easter where children can

and within society.

	A	utumn: Relationship	S	Sprin	g: Living in the wider	world	Sumr	ner: Health and Welli	peing
	Families and friendships	Safe relationships	Respecting ourselves and others	Belonging to a community	Media literacy and digital resilience	Money and work	Physical health and Mental wellbeing	Growing and changing	Keeping safe
Reception									
	Roles of different	Recognising privacy;	How behaviour	What rules are;	Using the internet	Strengths and	Keeping healthy;	Recognising what	How rules and age
	people; families;	staying safe; seeking	affects others; being	caring for others'	and digital devices;	interests; jobs in the	food and exercise,	makes them unique	restrictions help us;
ar 1	feeling cared for	permission	polite and respectful	needs; looking after	communicating	community	hygiene routines;	and special; feelings;	keeping safe
Year				the environment	online		sun safety	managing when things go wrong	Online
	Making friends;	Managing secrets;	Recognising things	Belonging to a	The internet in	What money is;	Why sleep is im-	Growing older;	Safety in different
	feeling lonely and	resisting pressure	in common and	group; roles and	everyday life; online	needs and wants;	portant; medicines	naming body parts;	environments;
Year 2	getting help	and getting help;	differences; playing	responsibilities;	content and infor-	looking after money	and keeping healthy;	moving class or year	and safety at home;
\\ \		recognising hurtful	and working coop-	being the same	mation		keeping teeth		emergencies
		behaviour	eratively; sharing opinions	and different in the community			healthy; managing feelings and asking for help		
	What makes a	Personal boundar-	Recognising re-	The value of rules	How the internet	Different jobs and	Health choices and	Personal strengths	Risks and hazards;
	family; features of	ies; safely respond-	spectful behaviour;	and laws; rights,	is used; assessing	skills; job ste-	habits; what affects	and achievements;	safety in the
4 4	family life	ing to others; the	the importance of	freedoms and re-	information online	reotypes; setting	feelings; expressing	managing and re-	environment and
ar 3/4		impact of hurtful	self-respect; courte-	sponsibilities		personal goals	feelings	framing setbacks	unfamiliar places
Year		behaviour	sy and being polite						places
	Positive friendships, including online	Responding to hurtful behaviour;	Respecting differences and similari-	What makes a community; shared	How data is shared and used	Making decisions about money; using	Maintaining a bal- anced lifestyle; oral		Medicines and household
<b>a</b>	0	managing confiden-	ties; discussing dif-	responsibilities		and keeping money	hygiene and dental		products; drugs common
ır 3/4		tiality; recognising	ference sensitively			safe	care		to everyday life
Year		risks online	referice sellsitively			Sale	Cale		everyday iiie

		Managing friend-	Physical contact and	Responding respect-	Protecting the envi-	How information	Identifying job inter-	Healthy sleep	Personal identity;	Keeping safe in
		ships and peer	feeling safe	fully to a wide range	ronment; compas-	online is targeted;	ests and aspirations;	habits; sun safety;	recognising individ-	different
		influence		of people; recognis-	sion towards others	different media	what influences	medicines, vaccina-	uality and different	situations, including
		iiiidelice		or people, recognis-	Sion towards others	different media	what initidefices	medicines, vaccina-	danty and uniterent	responding
	_			ing prejudice and		types, their role and	career choices;	tions, immunisations	qualities; mental	in .
	9 9									emergencies, first
	2/6			discrimination		impact	workplace stereo-	and allergies	wellbeing	aid and FGM
	Year									
	<del>-</del>						types			
		Attraction to others;	Recognising and	Expressing opin-	Valuing diversity;	Evaluating media	Influences and	What affects mental		Keeping
		romantic relation-	managing pressure;	ions and respecting	challenging discrim-	sources; sharing	attitudes to money;	health and ways		personal information
		Tomancio relacion	managing pressure,	long and respecting	onanenging alserini			nearth and mays		safe;
1	<b>B</b>	ships; civil partner-	consent in different	other points of view,	ination and stereo-	things online	money and financial	to take care of it;		regulations and
	2/6	ship and marriage	situations	including discussing	types		risks	managing change,		choices; drug
	۳. 5				,,					use
	Year			topical issues				loss and bereave-		and the law; drug
								ment; managing		use and the
										media
								time online		

Please note that Relationships and Sex Education are taught to Year 5 and 6 separately on an annual basis. Please see page 197 for details.

The Relationships and Sex Education curriculum and policy can be viewed at: <a href="https://www.ewelmeprimaryschool.co.uk/curriculum">www.ewelmeprimaryschool.co.uk/curriculum</a>

## YEAR 1 — MEDIUM-TERM OVERVIEW

Term	Topic	In this unit of work, students learn
	Families and friendships Roles of different people; families; feeling cared for PoS Refs: R1, R2, R3, R4, R5	<ul> <li>about people who care for them, e.g. parents, siblings, grandparents, relatives, friends, teachers</li> <li>the role these different people play in children's lives and how they care for them</li> <li>what it means to be a family and how families are different, e.g. single parents, same-sex parents, etc.</li> <li>about the importance of telling someone — and how to tel them — if they are worried about something in their family</li> </ul>
n — Relationships	Safe relationships Recognising privacy; staying safe; seeking permission  PoS Refs: R10, R13, R15, R16, R17	<ul> <li>about situations when someone's body or feelings might be hurt and whom to go to for help</li> <li>about what it means to keep something private, including parts of the body that are private</li> <li>to identify different types of touch and how they make people feel (e.g. hugs, tickling, kisses and punches)</li> <li>how to respond if being touched makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe</li> <li>when it is important to ask for permission to touch others</li> <li>how to ask for and give/not give permission</li> </ul>
Autumn	Respecting ourselves and others  How behaviour affects others; being polite and respectful  PoS Refs: R21, R22  Belonging to a community	<ul> <li>what kind and unkind behaviour mean in and out school</li> <li>how kind and unkind behaviour can make people feel</li> <li>about what respect means</li> <li>about class rules, being polite to others, sharing and taking turns</li> <li>about examples of rules in different situations, e.g. class rules, rules at home, rules</li> </ul>
Spring — Living in the wider world	What rules are; caring for others' needs; looking after the environment	<ul> <li>about examples of rules in different situations, e.g. class rules, rules at nome, rules outside</li> <li>that different people have different needs</li> <li>how we care for people, animals and other living things in different ways</li> <li>how they can look after the environment, e.g. recycling</li> </ul>

	Media literacy and Digital resilience	how and why people use the internet
	Using the internet and digital devices;	the benefits of using the internet and digital devices
	communicating online	how people find things out and communicate safely with others online
	PoS Refs: L7, L8	
	Money and Work	that everyone has different strengths, in and out of school
	Strengths and interests; jobs in the	about how different strengths and interests are needed to do different jobs
	community	about people whose job it is to help us in the community
	PoS Refs: L14, L16, L17	about different jobs and the work people do
	Physical health and Mental wellbeing	what it means to be healthy and why it is important
	Keeping healthy; food and exercise; hygiene	ways to take care of themselves on a daily basis
	routines; sun safety	about basic hygiene routines, e.g. hand washing
		about healthy and unhealthy foods, including sugar intake
	PoS Refs: H1, H2, H3, H5, H8, H9, H10	about physical activity and how it keeps people healthy
		about different types of play, including balancing indoor, outdoor and screen-based
		play
		about people who can help them to stay healthy, such as parents, doctors, nurses, dentists, lunch supervisors
		how to keep safe in the sun
DG .		
ealth and wellbeing		
wel		
pu		
th a		
leal		
Ĭ	Growing and changing	to recognise what makes them special and unique including their likes, dislikes and what they are good at
Summer-	   Recognising what makes them unique and	how to manage and whom to tell when finding things difficult, or when things go
Ę,	special; feelings; managing when things go	wrong
V)	wrong	how they are the same and different to others
		about different kinds of feelings
	PoS Refs: H11, H12, H13, H14, H15, H21,	how to recognise feelings in themselves and others
	H22, H23, H24	how feelings can affect how people behave
	, ==,=	

Keeping safe	•	how rules can help to keep us safe
How rules and age restrictions help us;	•	why some things have age restrictions, e.g. TV and film, games, toys or play areas
keeping safe online	•	basic rules for keeping safe online
	•	whom to tell if they see something online that makes them feel unhappy, worried, or scared
PoS Refs: H28, H34		

YEA	R 2 — MEDIUM-TERM OV	ERVIEW
Term	Topic	In this unit of work, students learn
Autumn — Relationships	Families and friendships  Making friends; feeling lonely and getting help  PoS Refs: R6, R7 R8, R9, R24  Safe relationships  Managing secrets; resisting pressure and getting help; recognising hurtful behaviour  PoS Refs: R11, R12, R14, R18, R19, R20  Respecting ourselves and others  Recognising things in common and differences; playing and working cooperatively; sharing opinions  PoS Refs: R23, R24, R25	<ul> <li>how to be a good friend, e.g. kindness, listening, honesty</li> <li>about different ways that people meet and make friends</li> <li>strategies for positive play with friends, e.g. joining in, including others, etc.</li> <li>about what causes arguments between friends</li> <li>how to positively resolve arguments between friends</li> <li>how to recognise, and ask for help, when they are feeling lonely or unhappy or to help someone else</li> <li>how to recognise hurtful behaviour, including online</li> <li>what to do and whom to tell if they see or experience hurtful behaviour, including online</li> <li>about what bullying is and different types of bullying</li> <li>how someone may feel if they are being bullied</li> <li>about the difference between happy surprises and secrets that make them feel uncomfortable or worried, and how to get help</li> <li>how to resist pressure to do something that feels uncomfortable or unsafe</li> <li>how to ask for help if they feel unsafe or worried and what vocabulary to use</li> <li>about the things they have in common with their friends, classmates, and other people</li> <li>how friends can have both similarities and differences</li> <li>how to play and work cooperatively in different groups and situations</li> <li>how to share their ideas and listen to others, take part in discussions, and give reasons for their views</li> </ul>
Spring	Belonging to a community  Belonging to a group; roles and responsibilities; being the same and different in the community  PoS Refs: L2, L4, L5, L6	<ul> <li>about being a part of different groups, and the role they play in these groups e.g. class, teams, faith groups</li> <li>about different rights and responsibilities that they have in school and the wider community</li> <li>about how a community can help people from different groups to feel included</li> <li>to recognise that they are all equal, and ways in which they are the same and different to others in their community</li> </ul>

	Media literacy and Digital resilience	•	the ways in which people can access the internet e.g. phones, tablets, computers
	The internet in everyday life; online content	•	to recognise the purpose and value of the internet in everydaylife
Þ	and information	•	to recognise that some content on the internet is factual and some is for entertainment e.g. news, games, videos
WOR		•	that information online might not always be true
Living in the wider world	PoS Refs: L8, L9		
the	Money and Work	•	about what money is and its different forms e.g. coins, notes, and ways of paying for
Ξ	What money is; needs and wants; looking		things e.g. debit cards, electronic payments
ving	after money	•	how money can be kept and looked after
É		•	about getting, keeping and spending money
	PoS Refs: L10, L11, L12, L13, L15	•	that people are paid money for the job they do
Spring	103 (103, 113, 112, 113, 113	•	how to recognise the difference between needs and wants
<u>N</u>		•	how people make choices about spending money, including thinking about needs and wants
	Physical health and Mental wellbeing	•	about routines and habits for maintaining good physical and mental health
	Why sleep is important; medicines and	•	why sleep and rest are important for growing and keeping healthy
	keeping healthy; keeping teeth healthy;	•	that medicines, including vaccinations and immunisations, can help people stay
	managing feelings and asking for help		healthy and manage allergies
ing		•	the importance of, and routines for, brushing teeth and visiting the dentist
lbei	PoS Refs: H4, H6, H7, H16, H17, H18,	•	about food and drink that affect dental health
wel	H19, H20	•	how to describe and share a range offeelings
pur		•	ways to feel good, calm down or change their mood e.g. playing outside, listening to
Ith 8			music, spending time with others
Health and wellbeing		•	how to manage big feelings including those associated with change, loss and bereavement
Ť		•	when and how to ask for help, and how to help others, with their feelings
ner			
Summer	Growing and changing	•	about the human life cycle and how people grow from young toold
Su	Growing older; naming body parts;	•	how our needs and bodies change as we growup
	moving class or year	•	to identify and name the main parts of the body including external genitalia (e.g. vulva, vagina, penis, testicles)
		•	about change as people grow up, including new opportunities and responsibilities
	PoS Refs: H20, H25, H26, H27	•	preparing to move to a new class and setting goals for nextyear

1/_	:		4	
ĸe	ebi	IJЯ	saf	е

Safety in different environments; risk and safety at home; emergencies

PoS Refs: H29, H30, H31, H32, H33, H35, H36, H27

- how to recognise risk in everyday situations, e.g. road, water and rail safety, medicines
- how to help keep themselves safe in familiar and unfamiliar environments, such as in school, online and 'out and about'
- to identify potential unsafe situations, who is responsible for keeping them safe in these situations, and steps they can take to avoid or remove themselves from danger
- how to help keep themselves safe at home in relation to electrical appliances, fire safety and medicines/householdproducts
- about things that people can put into their body or onto their skin (e.g. medicines and creams) and how these can affect how people feel
- how to respond if there is an accident and someone is hurt
- about whose job it is to keep us safe and how to get help in an emergency, including how to dial 999 and what to say

# YEAR 3/4 Cycle A - MEDIUM-TERM OVERVIEW

Term	Topic	In this unit of work, students learn	KiVa lessons: Students will
Autumn — Relationships	Families and friendships  What makes a family; features of family life  PoS Refs: R1, R6, R7, R8, R9	<ul> <li>to recognise and respect that there are different types of families, including single parents, same-sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster and adoptive parents</li> <li>that being part of a family provides support, stability and love</li> <li>about the positive aspects of being part of a family, such as spending time together and caring for each other</li> <li>about the different ways that people can care for each other e.g. giving encouragement or support in times of difficulty</li> <li>to identify if/when something in a family might make someone upset or worried</li> <li>what to do and whom to tell if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Unit 1 – lesson 1 - 3:         <ul> <li>know that KiVa stands for a positive school environment</li> <li>understand that every pupil has the right to a safe learning environment</li> <li>know more about themselves and their classmates</li> <li>know what is meant by emotions and about different emotions and the situations in which we experience them</li> <li>understand the difference between emotions and actions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Safe relationships  Personal boundaries; safely responding to others; the impact of hurtful behaviour  PoS Refs: R19, R22, R24, R30	<ul> <li>What is appropriate to share with friends, classmates, family and wider social groups including online</li> <li>about what privacy and personal boundaries are, including online</li> <li>basic strategies to help keep themselves safe online e.g. passwords, using trusted sites and adult supervision</li> </ul>	define and identify: social groups; how to join them; how to help others to be included in social groups; the emotions associated with group membership
	Respecting ourselves and others  Recognising respectful behaviour; the importance of self-respect; courtesy and being polite  PoS Refs: R30, R31	<ul> <li>to recognise respectful behaviours e.g. helping or including others, being responsible</li> <li>how to model respectful behaviour in different situations e.g. at home, at school, online</li> <li>the importance of self-respect and their right to be treated respectfully by others</li> <li>what it means to treat others, and be treated, politely</li> <li>the ways in which people show respect and courtesy in different cultures and in wider society</li> </ul>	

	Belonging to a community	the reasons for rules and laws in wider society	Unit 1 – lessons 4 – 6
	The value of rules and laws; rights, freedoms and responsibilities	broken	think about how to take others into consideration and the importance of
	PoS Refs: L1, L2, L3	<ul> <li>what human rights are and how they protect people</li> <li>to identify basic examples of human rights including the rights of children</li> <li>about how they have rights and also responsibilities</li> <li>that with every right there is also a responsibility e.g. the right to an education and the responsibility to learn</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>this</li> <li>recognise the positive characteristics of other people, and also of themselves</li> <li>understand what bullying is</li> <li>understand how bullying differs</li> </ul>
<b>ng</b> — Living in the wider world	Media literacy and Digital resilience  How the internet is used; assessing information online  PoS Refs: L11, L12	<ul> <li>how the internet can be used positively for leisure, for school and for work</li> <li>to recognise that images and information online can be altered or adapted and the reasons for why this happens</li> <li>strategies to recognise whether something they see online is true or accurate</li> <li>to evaluate whether a game is suitable to play or a website is appropriate for their age-group</li> <li>to make safe, reliable choices from search results</li> <li>how to report something seen or experienced online that concerns them e.g. images</li> <li>or content that worry them, unkind or inappropriate communication</li> <li>about bullying online, and the similarities and differences to face-to-face bullying*</li> </ul>	from accidentally inflicted harm, an argument or playful teasing  understand what bullying may feel like  know the consequences of bullying will not be tolerated and will be dealt with immediately  understand the meaning of 'bystanders' in bullying situations  reflect on their own behaviour in bullying situations and how to positively change it
Spring	Money and Work  Different jobs and skills; job stereotypes; setting personal goals  PoS Refs: L25, L26, L27, L30	<ul> <li>about jobs that people may have from different sectors e.g. teachers, business people, charity work</li> <li>that people can have more than one job at once or over their lifetime</li> <li>about common myths and gender stereotypes related to work</li> <li>to challenge stereotypes through examples of role models in different fields of work e.g. women in STEM</li> <li>about some of the skills needed to do a job, such as teamwork and decision-making</li> <li>to recognise their interests, skills and achievements and how these might link to future jobs</li> <li>how to set goals that they would like to achieve this year e.g. learn a new hobby</li> </ul>	understand that it is everyone's responsibility to reduce bullying  *to be taught after, or as part of, KiVa Unit 1 Lesson 5 (There's no bullying at a KiVa School)

	Physical health and Mental wellbeing	about the choices that people make in daily life that could affect their health	Unit 1 – lessons 7-10
bu	Health choices and habits; what affects feelings; expressing feelings  PoS Refs: H1, H2, H3, H4, H6, H7, H17, H18, H19	<ul> <li>to identify healthy and unhealthy choices (e.g. in relation to food, exercise, sleep)</li> <li>what can help people to make healthy choices and what might negatively influence them</li> <li>about habits and that sometimes they can be maintained, changed or stopped</li> <li>the positive and negative effects of habits, such as regular exercise or eating too much sugar, on a healthy lifestyle</li> <li>what is meant by a healthy, balanced diet including what foods should be eaten regularly or just occasionally</li> <li>that regular exercise such as walking or cycling has positive benefits for their mental and physical health</li> <li>about the things that affect feelings both positively and negatively</li> <li>strategies to identify and talk about their feelings</li> <li>about some of the different ways people express feelings e.g. words, actions, body language</li> <li>to recognise how feelings can change overtime and become more or less powerful</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>identify ways to support the victim of bullying</li> <li>understand that even small gestures or actions can help a victim of bullying</li> <li>understand that bullying is not the victim's fault and that no one should give in to being bullied</li> <li>know what assertiveness means and how being assertive can reduce bullying</li> <li>know of ways of how to act in bullying situations</li> <li>review the anti-bullying rules of the class created during the school year</li> <li>commit to following the rules next year</li> </ul>
ellbe	Growing and changing	that everyone is an individual and has unique and valuable contributions to make	
<u>×</u> م	Personal strengths and achievements;	• to recognise howstrengths and interests form part of a person's identity	
Health and wellbeing	managing and reframing setbacks	<ul> <li>how to identify their own personal strengths and interests and what they're proud of (in school, out of school)</li> </ul>	
	PoS Refs: H27, H28, H29	• to recognise common challenges to self -worth e.g. finding school work difficult, friendship issues	
Summer		basic strategies to manage and reframe setbacks e.g. asking for help, focusing on what they can learn from a setback, remembering what they are good at, trying again	
	Keeping safe	how to identify typical hazards at home and in school	
	Risks and hazards; safety in the local environment and unfamiliar places	<ul> <li>how to predict, assess and manage risk in everyday situations e.g. crossing the road, running in the playground, in the kitchen</li> </ul>	
		about fire safety at home including the need for smoke alarms	
	PoS Refs: H38, H39, H41	the importance of following safety rules from parents and otheradults	
		<ul> <li>how to help keep themselves safe in the local environment or unfamiliar places, including road, rail, water and firework safety</li> </ul>	

# YEAR 3/4 Cycle B - MEDIUM-TERM OVERVIEW

Term	Topic	In this unit of work, students learn	KiVa lessons: Students will
Autumn — Relationships	Positive friendships, including online  Pos Refs: R10, R11, R12, R13, R18  Safe relationships Responding to hurtful behaviour; managing confidentiality; recognising risks online  Pos Refs: R20, R23, R27, R28	<ul> <li>about the features of positive healthy friendships such as mutual respect, trust and sharing interests</li> <li>strategies to build positive friendships</li> <li>how to seek support with relationships if they feel lonely or excluded</li> <li>how to communicate respectfully with friends when using digital devices</li> <li>how knowing someone online differs from knowing someone face to face and that there are risks in communicating with someone they don't know</li> <li>what to do or whom to tell if they are worried about any contact online</li> <li>recognise the difference between 'playful dares' and dares which put someone under pressure, at risk, or make them feel uncomfortable</li> <li>how to manage pressures associated with dares</li> <li>when it is right to keep or break a confidence or share a secret</li> <li>how to recognise risks online such as harmful content or contact</li> <li>how people may behave differently online including pretending to be someone they are not</li> <li>how to report concerns and seek help if worried or uncomfortable about someone's behaviour, including online</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>know that KiVa stands for a positive school environment</li> <li>understand that every pupil has the right to a safe learning environment</li> <li>know more about themselves and their classmates</li> <li>know what is meant by emotions and about different emotions and the situations in which we experience them</li> <li>understand the difference between emotions and actions</li> <li>define and identify: social groups; how to join them; how to help others to be included in social groups; the emotions associated with group membership</li> </ul>
	Respecting ourselves and others Respecting differences and similarities; discussing difference sensitively PoS Refs: R32, R33	<ul> <li>to recognise differences between people such as gender, race, faith</li> <li>to recognise what they have in common with others e.g. shared values, likes and dislikes, aspirations</li> <li>about the importance of respecting the differences and similarities between people</li> <li>a vocabulary to sensitively discuss difference and include everyone</li> </ul>	

	Belonging to a community	the meaning and benefits of living in a community	Unit 1 – lessons 4 – 6
	What makes a community; shared responsibilities  PoS Refs: L4, L6, L7	<ul> <li>to recognise that they belong to different communities aswell as the school community</li> <li>about the different groups that make up and contribute to a community</li> <li>about the individuals and groups that help the local community, including through volunteering and work</li> <li>how to show compassion towards others in need and the shared responsibilities of caring for them</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>think about how to take others into consideration and the importance of this</li> <li>recognise the positive characteristics of other people, and also of themselves</li> <li>understand what bullying is</li> <li>understand how bullying differs</li> </ul>
Spring — Living in the wider world	Media literacy and Digital resilience  How data is shared and used  PoS Refs: L13, L14	<ul> <li>how to respond if they witness or experience hurtful behaviour or bullying online</li> <li>to differentiate between playful teasing, hurtful behaviour and bullying online*</li> <li>that everything shared online has a digital footprint</li> <li>that organisations can use personal information to encourage people to buy things</li> <li>to recognise what online adverts look like</li> <li>to compare content shared for factual purposes and for advertising</li> <li>why people might choose to buy or not buy something online e.g. from seeing an advert</li> <li>that search results are ordered based on the popularity of the website and that this can affect what information people access</li> </ul>	from accidentally inflicted harm, an argument or playful teasing  understand what bullying may feel like  know the consequences of bullying will not be tolerated and will be dealt with immediately  understand the meaning of 'bystanders' in bullying situations  reflect on their own behaviour in bullying situations and how to positively change it
	Money and Work  Making decisions about money; using and keeping money safe  PoS Refs: L17, L19 L20, L21	<ul> <li>how people make different spending decisions based on their budget, values and needs</li> <li>how to keep track of money and why it is important to know how much is being spent</li> <li>about different ways to pay for things such as cash, cards, e-payment and the reasons for using them</li> <li>that how people spend money can have positive or negative effects on others e.g. charities, single use plastics</li> </ul>	understand that it is everyone's responsibility to reduce bullying  *to be taught after, or as part of, KiVa Unit Lesson 5 (There's no bullying at a KiVa School)

	Physical health and Mental wellbeing  Maintaining a balanced lifestyle; oral	<ul> <li>to identify a wide range of factors that maintain a balanced, healthy lifestyle, physically and mentally</li> </ul>	Unit 1 – lessons 7-10
	hygiene and dental care	what good physical health means and how to recognise early signs of physical illness	identify ways to support the victim
wellbeing	PoS Refs: H2, H5, H11	<ul> <li>that common illnesses can be quickly and easily treated with the right care e.g. visiting the doctor when necessary</li> <li>how to maintain oral hygiene and dental health, including how to brush and floss</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>of bullying</li> <li>understand that even small gestures or actions can help a victim of bullying</li> </ul>
		correctly	understand that bullying is not the
and		• the importance of regular visits to the dentist and the effects of different foods,	victim's fault and that no one should give in to being bullied
Health		drinks and substances on dental health	<ul> <li>know what assertiveness means and how being assertive can reduce</li> </ul>
I I	Keeping safe	the importance of taking medicines correctly and using household products safely	bullying
mer	Medicines and household products; drugs	to recognise what is meant by a 'drug'	<ul> <li>know of ways of how to act in bullying situations</li> </ul>
Sumn	common to everyday life	<ul> <li>that drugs common to everyday life (e.g. cigarettes, e-cigarettes/vaping, alcohol and medicines) can affect health and wellbeing</li> </ul>	review the anti-bullying rules of the class created during the school year
	PoS Refs: H10, H38, H40, H46	<ul> <li>to identify some of the effects related to different drugs and that all drugs, including medicines, may have side effects</li> </ul>	commit to following the rules next year
		• to identify some of the risks associated with drugs common to everyday life	
		that for some people using drugs can become a habit which is difficult to break	
		how to ask for help or advice	

Term	Topic	In this unit of work, students learn	KiVa lessons: Students will
	Families and friendships	what makes a healthy friendship and how they make people feel included	Unit 2 – lessons 1-4
	Managing friendships and peer influence PoS Refs: R14, R15, R16, R17, R18, R26	<ul> <li>strategies to help someone feel included</li> <li>about peer influence and how it can make people feel or behave</li> <li>the impact of the need for peer approval in different situations, including online</li> <li>strategies to manage peer influence and the need for peer approval e.g. exit strategies, assertive communication</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>know that KiVa stands for a positive school environment</li> <li>understand that every pupil has the right to a safe learning environment</li> <li>understand that being alone is different from being together and</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>that it is common for friendships to experience challenges</li> <li>strategies to positively resolve disputes and reconcile differences in friendships</li> <li>that friendships can change over time and the benefits of having new and different types of friends</li> <li>how to recognise if a friendship is making them feel unsafe, worried, or uncomfortable</li> <li>when and how to seek support in relation to friendships</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>that both of them are important</li> <li>understand the importance of respect in human relationships and know what is respectful and disrespectful behaviour</li> <li>understand what interpersonal communication is and what problems it might present</li> <li>define and identify social groups</li> </ul>
- Relationships	Safe relationships Physical contact and feeling safe PoS Refs: R9, R25, R26, R27, R29	<ul> <li>to identify what physical touch is acceptable, unacceptable, wanted or unwanted in different situations</li> <li>how to ask for, give and not give permission for physical contact</li> <li>how it feels in a person's mind and body when they are uncomfortable</li> <li>that it is never someone's fault if they have experienced unacceptable contact</li> <li>how to respond to unwanted or unacceptable physical contact</li> <li>that no one should ask them to keep a secret that makes them feel uncomfortable or try to persuade them to keep a secret they are worried about</li> <li>whom to tell if they are concerned about unwanted physical contact</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>and the characteristics of communication in a group.</li> <li>Understand that group pressure can lead to people behaving in a manner they don't want to</li> <li>Understand that in a social group people have different roles and that the group itself contributes to defining these roles</li> <li>Know how to join a group and include others</li> <li>Reflect on what kind of group the</li> </ul>
Autumn –	Respecting ourselves and others Responding respectfully to a wide range of people; recognising prejudice and discrimination  PoS Refs: R20, R21, R31, R33	<ul> <li>to recognise that everyone should be treated equally</li> <li>why it is important to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own</li> <li>what discrimination means and different types of discrimination e.g. racism, sexism, homophobia</li> <li>to identify online bullying and discrimination of groups or individuals e.g. trolling and harassment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>class is</li> <li>Know what bullying is, including the different forms, and how common it is</li> <li>know that at this school bullying will not be tolerated and will be dealt with immediately</li> <li>know how to report bullying and how it will be tackled</li> </ul>

Belonging to a community Protecting the environment; compassion towards others  PoS Refs: L4, L5, L19  Media literacy and Digital resilience How information online is targeted; different media types, their role and impact	<ul> <li>the impact of discrimination on individuals, groups and wider society</li> <li>ways to safely challenge discrimination</li> <li>how to report discrimination online</li> <li>about how resources are allocated and the effect this has on individuals, communities and the environment</li> <li>the importance of protecting the environment and how everyday actions can either support or damage it</li> <li>how to show compassion for the environment, animals and other living things</li> <li>about the way that money is spent and how it affects the environment</li> <li>to express their own opinions about their responsibility towards the environment</li> <li>to identify different types of media and their different purposes e.g. to entertain, inform, persuade or advertise</li> <li>basic strategies to assess whether content online (e.g. research, news, reviews, blogs) is based on fact, opinion, or is biased</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>understand the concepts of: hidden bullying; mixed messages; cyberbullying</li> <li>know ways of protecting themselves from online bullying.</li> <li>Unit 2 – Lessons 5-7:         <ul> <li>understand what bullying may feel like</li> <li>know the consequences of bullying</li> <li>understand that being bullied might affect a person's life even after many years</li> <li>reflect on the well-being of the class as a group and the possible changes that have taken place</li> <li>reflect on: their own attitudes towards bullying, and the attitudes of others; how people may act contrary to their attitudes due to peer or group pressure; the roles in bullying situations; their own behaviour during a bullying situation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
PoS Refs: L12, L14	<ul> <li>to recognise unsafe or suspicious content online</li> <li>how devices store and share information</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>identify ways to support the victim of bullying</li> <li>understand that even small gesture or actions can help a victim of bullying</li> <li>reflect on and role play different ways of behaving in a bullying situation</li> </ul>
Money and Work Identifying job interests and aspirations; what influences career choices; workplace stereotypes  PoS Refs: L27, L28, L29, L31, L32	<ul> <li>to identify jobs that they might like to do in the future</li> <li>about the role ambition can play in achieving a future career</li> <li>how or why someone might choose a certain career</li> <li>about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career, including pay, working conditions, personal interests, strengths and qualities, family, values</li> <li>the importance of diversity and inclusion to promote people's career opportunities</li> <li>about stereotyping in the workplace, its impact and how to challenge it</li> <li>that there is a variety of routes into work e.g. college, apprenticeships, university,</li> </ul>	
	Protecting the environment; compassion towards others  PoS Refs: L4, L5, L19  Media literacy and Digital resilience How information online is targeted; different media types, their role and impact  PoS Refs: L12, L14  Money and Work Identifying job interests and aspirations; what influences career choices; workplace stereotypes	Belonging to a community Protecting the environment; compassion towards others  PoS Refs: L4, L5, L19  PoS Refs: L4, L5, L19  Media literacy and Digital resilience How information online is targeted; different media types, their role and impact  PoS Refs: L12, L14  Pos Refs: L12, L14

	Physical health and Mental wellbeing	how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle	Unit 2 – Lessons 8-10
	Healthy sleep habits; sun safety; medicines,	healthy sleep strategies and how to maintain them	know: what to do if they get bullied;
	vaccinations, immunisations and allergies	about the benefits of being outdoors and in the sun for physical and mental health	what assertiveness is; what happens
	PoS Refs: H8, H9, H10, H12	how to manage risk in relation to sun exposure, including skin damage and heat	in school if a teacher finds out that
		stroke	someone is getting bullied; that it
		<ul> <li>how medicines can contribute to health and how allergies can be managed</li> </ul>	may feel difficult to to tell anyone
		that some diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and immunisations	about bullying.
ng		that bacteria and viruses can affect health	Revise the anti-bullying rules created
lbei		<ul> <li>how they can prevent the spread of bacteria and viruses with everyday hygiene</li> </ul>	throughout the year
well		routines	Reflect on what the rules mean in
Health and wellbeing		• to recognise the shared responsibility of keeping a clean environment	their class
th a	Growing and changing	about personal identity and what contributes to it, including race, sex, gender,	Reflect on what the class could do in
leal	Personal identity; recognising individuality	family, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes	the future to further
	and different qualities; mental wellbeing	that for some people their gender identity does not correspond with their biological	reduce/eradicate bullying
er.		sex	Know the consequences for breaking
E	PoS Refs: H16, H25, H26, H27	<ul> <li>how to recognise, respect and express their individuality and personal qualities</li> </ul>	the rules
Ē	FO3 Nels. 1110, 1123, 1120, 1127	<ul> <li>ways to boost their mood and improve emotional wellbeing</li> </ul>	Reflect on how the situation in the
Ĕ		about the link between participating in interests, hobbies and community groups	class has changed and how others
Summerummer		and mental wellbeing	experience it
• •	*TAUGHT EVERY YEAR TO YEAR 5 PUPILS	<ul> <li>how to identify external genitalia and reproductive organs</li> </ul>	Reflect on how they contributed to
	ONLY*	<ul> <li>about the physical and emotional changes during puberty</li> </ul>	the change or the fact that the
	Growing and changing	key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet	situation has remained the same
		dreams	
	Physical and emotional changes in puberty; external genitalia; personal hygiene	strategies to manage the changes during puberty including menstruation	
	routines; support with puberty	the importance of personal hygiene routines during puberty including washing	
	roddines, support with publity	regularly and using deodorant	
	PoS Refs: H30, H31, H32, H34	<ul> <li>how to discuss the challenges of puberty with a trusted adult</li> </ul>	
		how to get information, help and advice about puberty	

*TAUGHT EVERY YEAR TO YEAR 6 PUPILS ONLY*  Growing and changing Human reproduction and birth  PoS Refs: H24, H33, H35, H36	<ul> <li>identify the links between love, committed relationships and conception</li> <li>what sexual intercourse is, and how it can be one part of an intimate relationship between consenting adults</li> <li>how pregnancy occurs i.e. when a sperm meets an egg and the fertilised egg settles into the lining of the womb</li> <li>that pregnancy can be prevented with contraception<sup>2</sup></li> <li>about the responsibilities of being a parent or carer and how having a baby changes</li> <li>someone's life</li> </ul>
Keeping safe	to identify when situations are becoming risky, unsafe or an emergency
Keeping safe in different situations,	• to identify occasions where they can help take responsibility for their own safety
including responding in emergencies, first aid and FGM	<ul> <li>to differentiate between positive risk taking (e.g. trying a challenging new sport) and dangerous behaviour</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>how to deal with common injuries using basic first aid techniques</li> </ul>
PoS Refs: H38, H43, H44, H45	<ul> <li>how to respond in an emergency, including when and how to contact different emergency services</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>that female genital mutilation (FGM) is against British law<sup>1</sup></li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>what to do and whom to tell if they think they or someone they know might be at risk of FGM</li> </ul>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Teaching about FGM could be included in units on health, keeping safe, safe relationships, privacy, body parts (including external genitalia). See our <u>Addressing FGM in schools information sheet</u> for further information

YEAR	5/6 Cycle B - MEDIUM-TR	ERM OVERVIEW	
Term	Topic	In this unit of work, students learn	KiVa lessons: Students will
<b>Autumn —</b> Relationships	Families and friendships Attraction to others; romantic relationships; civil partnership and marriage  PoS Refs: R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R7  Safe relationships Recognising and managing pressure; consent in different situations  PoS Refs: R26, R28, R29	<ul> <li>what it means to be attracted to someone and different kinds of loving relationships</li> <li>that people who love each other can be of any gender, ethnicity or faith</li> <li>the difference between gender identity and sexual orientation and everyone's right to be loved</li> <li>about the qualities of healthy relationships that help individuals flourish</li> <li>ways in which couples show their love and commitment to one another, including those who are not married or who live apart</li> <li>what marriage and civil partnership mean e.g. a legal declaration of commitment made by two adults</li> <li>that people have the right to choose whom they marry or whether to get married</li> <li>that to force anyone into marriage is illegal</li> <li>how and where to report forced marriage or ask for help if they are worried</li> <li>to compare the features of a healthy and unhealthy friendship</li> <li>about the shared responsibility if someone is put under pressure to do something dangerous and something goes wrong</li> <li>strategies to respond to pressure from friends including online</li> <li>how to assess the risk of different online 'challenges' and 'dares'</li> <li>how to recognise and respond to pressure from others to do something unsafe or that makes them feel worried or uncomfortable</li> <li>how to get advice and report concerns about personal safety, including online</li> <li>what consent means and how to seek and give/not give permission in different situations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Now that KiVa stands for a positive school environment</li> <li>understand that every pupil has the right to a safe learning environment</li> <li>understand that being alone is different from being together and that both of them are important</li> <li>understand the importance of respect in human relationships and know what is respectful and disrespectful behaviour</li> <li>understand what interpersonal communication is and what problems it might present</li> <li>define and identify social groups and the characteristics of communication in a group.</li> <li>Understand that group pressure can lead to people behaving in a manner they don't want to</li> <li>Understand that in a social group people have different roles and that the group itself contributes to defining these roles</li> <li>Know how to join a group and include others</li> </ul>
	Respecting ourselves and others  Expressing opinions and respecting other points of view, including discussing topical issues  PoS Refs: R30, R34	<ul> <li>about the link between values and behaviour and how to be a positive role model</li> <li>how to discuss issues respectfully</li> <li>how to listen to and respect other points of view</li> <li>how to constructively challenge points of view they disagree with</li> <li>ways to participate effectively in discussions online and manage conflict or disagreements</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reflect on what kind of group the class is</li> <li>Know what bullying is, including the different forms, and how common it is</li> <li>know that at this school bullying will not be tolerated and will be dealt with immediately</li> <li>know how to report bullying and how it will be tackled</li> <li>understand the concepts of: hidde bullying; mixed messages; cyberbullying</li> </ul>

		know ways of protecting themselves from online bullying.
Valuing diversity; challenging discrimination and stereotypes	<ul> <li>what prejudice means</li> <li>to differentiate between prejudice and discrimination</li> <li>how to recognise acts of discrimination</li> <li>strategies to safely respond to and challenge discrimination</li> <li>how to recognise stereotypes in different contexts and the influence they have on attitudes and understanding of different groups</li> <li>how stereotypes are perpetuated and how to challenge this</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Unit 2 – Lessons 5-7:</li> <li>understand what bullying may feel like</li> <li>know the consequences of bullying</li> <li>understand that being bullied migh affect a person's life even after many years</li> <li>reflect on the well-being of the class as a group and the possible changes that have taken place</li> <li>reflect on: their own attitudes towards bullying, and the attitudes of others; how people may act contrary to their attitudes due to peer or group pressure; the roles in bullying situations; their own behaviour during a bullying situation</li> <li>identify ways to support the victim of bullying</li> <li>understand that even small gestures or actions can help a victim of bullying</li> </ul>

Media literacy and Digital resilience	about the benefits of safe internet use e.g. learning, connecting and communicating
Evaluating media sources; sharing things online	how and why images online might be manipulated, altered, orfaked
	how to recognise when images might have been altered
PoS Refs: H37, L11, L13, L15, L16	why people choose to communicate through social media and some of the risks and challenges of doing so
	that social media sites have age restrictions and regulations for use
	the reasons why some media and online content is not appropriate for children
	how online content can be designed to manipulate people's emotions and
	encourage them to read or share things
	about sharing things online, including rules and laws relating to this
	how to recognise what is appropriate to share online
	how to report inappropriate online content or contact
Money and Work	about the role that money plays in people's lives, attitudes towards it and what
Influences and attitudes to money; money and	influences decisions about money
financial risks	about value for money and how to judge if something is value for money
	how companies encourage customers to buy things and why it is important to be a critical consumer
PoS Refs: L18, L22, L23, L24	how having or not having money can impact on a person's emotions, health and     wellbeing
	about common risks associated with money, including debt, fraud and gambling
	how money can be gained or lost e.g. stolen, through scams or gambling and how these put people at financial risk
	how to get help if they are concerned about gambling or other financial risks

# Health and

# wellbeing Summer

## Physical health and Mental wellbeing

What affects mental health and ways to take care of it: managing change, loss and bereavement; managing time online

PoS Refs: H13, H14, H15, H20, H21, H22, H23, H24

- that mental health is just as important as physical health and that both needlooking after
- to recognise that anyone can be affected by mental ill-health and that difficulties can be resolved with help and support
- how negative experiences such as being bullied or feeling lonely can affect mental wellbeing
- positive strategies for managing feelings
- that there are situations when someone may experience mixed or conflicting feelings
- how feelings can often be helpful, whilst recognising that they sometimes need to he overcome
- to recognise that if someone experiences feelings that are not so good (most or all of the time) – help and support is available
- identify where they and others can ask for help and support with mental wellbeing in and outside school
- the importance of asking for support from a trusted adult
- about the changes that may occur in life including death, and how these can cause conflicting feelings
- that changes can mean people experience feelings of loss or grief
- about the process of grieving and how grief can be expressed
- about strategies that can help someone cope with the feelings associated with change or loss
- to identify how to ask for help and support with loss, grief or other aspects of change
- how balancing time online with other activities helps to maintain their health and wellbeing
- strategies to manage time spent online and foster positive habits e.g. switching phone off at night
- what to do and whom to tell if they are frightened or worried about something they have seen online

## **Growing and changing**

Increasing independence; managing

- to recognise some of the changes as they grow up e.g. increasing independence
- about what being more independent might be like, including how it may feel
  - about the transition to secondary school and how this may affect their feelings

Unit 2 - Lessons 8-10

- know: what to do if they get bullied: what assertiveness is: what happens in school if a teacher finds out that someone is getting bullied; that it may feel difficult to to tell anyone about bullying.
- Revise the anti-bullving rules created throughout the year
- Reflect on what the rules mean in their class
- Reflect on what the class could do in the future to further reduce/eradicate bullying
- Know the consequences for breaking the rules
- Reflect on how the situation in the class has changed and how others experience it

Reflect on how they contributed to the change or the fact that the situation has remained the same

	<ul> <li>images online</li> <li>about the different age rating systems for social media, T.V, films, games and online gaming</li> <li>why age restrictions are important and how they help people make safe decisions</li> </ul>	
	about what to watch, use or play	
	<ul> <li>about the risks and effects of different drugs</li> <li>about the laws relating to drugs common to everyday life and illegal drugs</li> </ul>	
	to recognise why people choose to use or not use drugs, including nicotine, alcohol and medicines as well as illegal drugs	
	about the organisations where people can get help and support concerning drug use	
	how to ask for help if they have concerns about druguse	
	about mixed messages in the media relating to drug use and how they might influence opinions and decisions	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pupils are often aware that sexual intercourse does not always result in a baby and they may already be aware of or have heard about some common methods of contraception (e.g. condoms, the contraceptive pill or avoiding sexual intercourse). A basic understanding of contraception can be taught at primary level. This may include basic information about common forms of contraception (for example, condoms and the contraceptive pill) and how these can prevent a baby being made. Schools will need to decide whether this is appropriate for their community and cohorts and consider how to approach this as part of Sex Education.